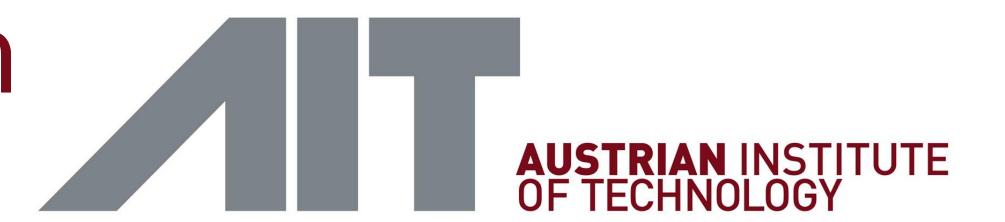
Towards a recycling paper based platform for printed electrochemical biosensors



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MOTIVATION

The decentralization of the health care system, driven by the demographic change, creates a strong demand for sustainable high volume and low cost biosensors that enable molecular diagnostics outside of laboratories.

To **overcome** these **limitations**, we aim to realise an electrochemical **single-use sensor**, which i) is based on **recycling paper** as substrate to enable environment-friendly production and disposal, ii) detects quantitatively glucose and ketone bodies in urine to permit the diagnosis of ketoacidosis [1], iii) is able to contactless communicate the measured values.



Paper manufacturing

- Cellulose matrix for biofunctionalisation
- Surface for electrodes



Roll-to-roll printing

Electrodes

bodies (beta-hydroxybutyric acid and acetoacetic acid)

Hydrophobic barriers



Microelectronics

- Printed antenna
- Assembly of bare dies

State of the art: Single-use test strips using color indicators

Urine test strips

- Plastic substrate
- Subjective visual perception
- No electronic data recording
- Detect only acetoacetic acid, no reaction with acetone or β-HB [1]

1000

No present point of care system can detect beta-hydroxybutyric acid and acetoacetic acid

PIONIER demonstrator

- Paper substrate
- Quantitative results
- Contactless read-out
- Battery-free
- Automatic data recording
- Environment-friendly

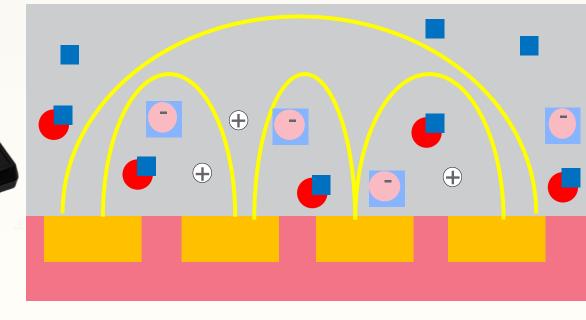
Biosensing Concept

- 5 kHz
- 30 mV



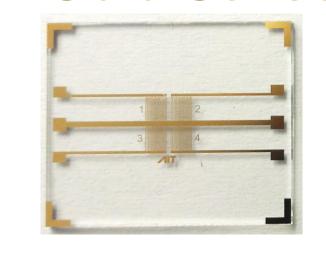
24000

Electrochemical biosensing for the quantification of glucose and ketone



Gold Sensors on Glass

Sensor Type



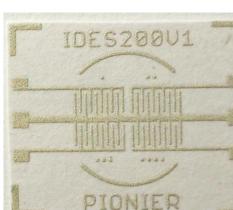
- Analyte deposition from the **front** side
- 50 µm IDES

Silver Sensors on PET



- Analyte deposition from the **front** side
- 200 µm IDES

Silver Sensors on Paper

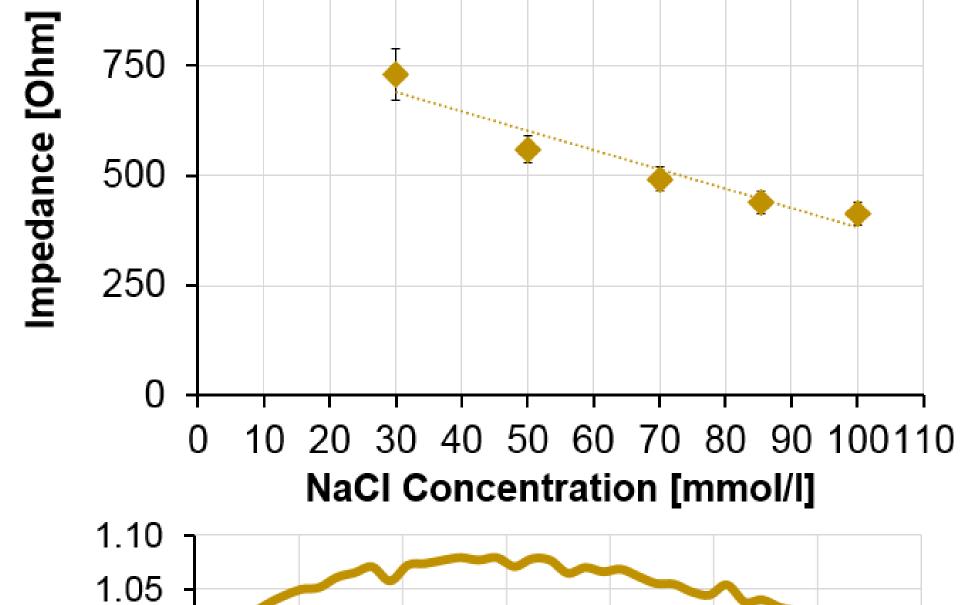


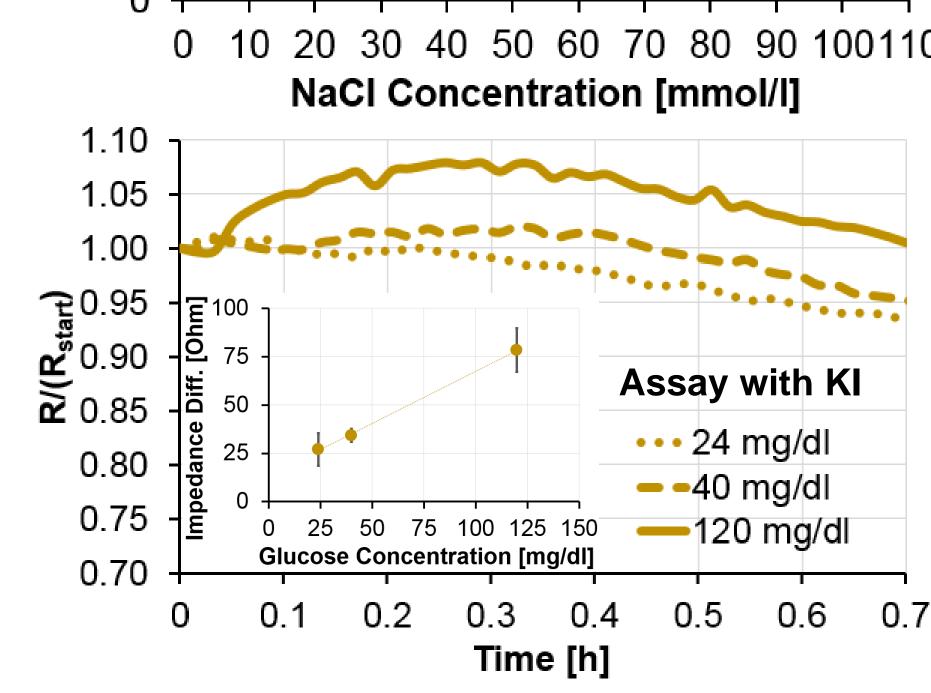
- Analyte deposition from the back side
- 200 μm IDES

NaCl Series

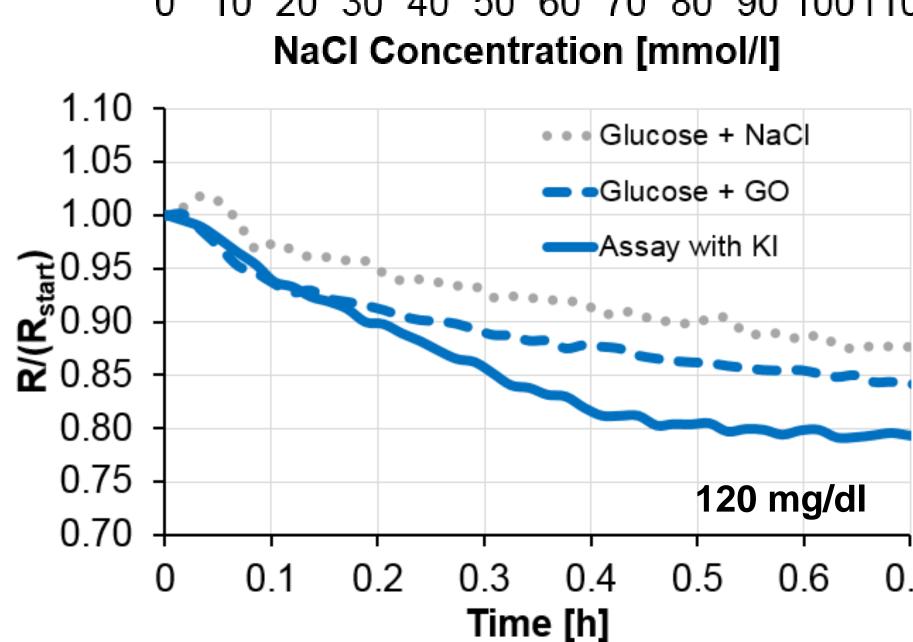
Glucose

Series





1000 750 500 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100110 NaCl Concentration [mmol/l] 1.10 1.05



- 20000 12000 8000 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100110 NaCl Concentration [mmol/l] 1.20 1.10
 - NaCl Concentration [mmol/l]

 1.20
 1.10
 1.00
 0.80
 0.80
 0.70
 0.60
 0.0
 0.1
 0.1
 0.2
 Time [h]



- Different glucose concentrations can be measured quantitatively with 50 µm gold sensors on glass.
- Glucose measurements with silver sensors on PET yield different curves but still, a change is visible.
- Measuring with silver sensors on paper can be performed from the back side. Reactions between glucose and glucose oxidase are visible.
- Enzymatic hydrogel immobilized inside the paper matrix can be used for signal enhancement [4].

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References

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